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ANDERSON, Anthony Hedley

MG 24, D 100

Finding Aid No. 1273 / Instrument de recherche no 1273

Prepared in 1981 by Patricia
Kennedy of the Pre-Confederation
Archives.

Préparé en 1981 par Patricia
Kennedy des Archives antérieures
à 1867.

INTRODUCTION

The Anderson papers were presented in 1978 by Olive Boswell of Quebec City on behalf of a deceased descendant of Anthony Anderson. Many of the items relate to subjects covered in official records, such as promotion of land settlement, provisioning for the armed forces and operation of the Dorchester Bridge.

Anthony Hedley Anderson was born at Jedburgh, Scotland and emigrated about 1784 with one James Black. He set up business as a butcher and quickly achieved a degree of success which permitted him to expand into the promotion of land settlement, marine supplies, the breeding of prize cattle and the erection of a fine home known as Hedley Lodge (after his mother's maiden name). During the War of 1812 he served as Quarter Master to the Quebec Light Cavalry, supplied provisions to several military and naval units and sold horses to the cavalry. He went on to become Captain in the Beauport division of militia, 1822. His public offices included that of Justice of the Peace for Quebec City, from 1828 onward, and Member of the Legislative Assembly for Megantic County in 1832. He also served as a Director of the Quebec Savings Office and was a leader of the Agricultural Society. He died in 1847.

The surviving papers accumulated by Anthony Anderson are arranged in three files: personal records, papers relating to the estate of James Godfrey Hanna (of which he was a trustee) and documents relating to the Dorchester Bridge (of which he became a proprietor).

MG 24
D 100

ANDERSON, Anthony Hedley (d. 1847). Merchant.

Originals, 1761-1845. 131 pages. F.A. No. 1273.

Anthony Hedley Anderson (d. 1847) was a native of Jedburgh, Scotland who emigrated to Quebec about 1784. He began as a butcher and expanded activities to include a marine store, supplying horses to the cavalry during the War of 1812 and raising prize cattle. He was a leading member of the Quebec Agricultural Society; elected member of the Legislative Assembly for Megantic County in 1832; and a Justice of the Peace for Quebec city from 1828. His business ventures included operating the Dorchester Bridge.

Presented in 1979 by Olive Boswell of Quebec city on behalf of the Anderson family.

The finding aid No. 1273 provides a descriptive list of the documents.

The bulk of Anderson's papers is made up of deeds, contracts and accounts relative to ownership and operation of the Dorchester Bridge, 1761-1845; the remainder includes militia commissions, and documents relating to the estate of James Godfrey Hanna, of which Anderson was a trustee.

June 1981
P. Kennedy

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Pre-Confederation

Anthony Hedley Anderson

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File 1: personal

26 Oct. 1803	Deposition of Henry and James Black of Quebec city, regarding the parentage of Anthony Hedley Anderson of Quebec, formerly of Jedburgh, Scotland, certified by Robert Shore Milnes	pages 1-4
1er mars 1811	Vente d'une terre située au village du Gros pin, par Charles Lessard et Dame Charlotte Bertrand à Anthony Anderson	5-10
19 March 1812	Commission appointing Anthony Anderson to be Quarter Master of the Quebec Light Cavalry	11-12
5 March 1821	Letter of Lord Dalhousie to Anthony Anderson, commenting on progress in building a bridge	13-14
22 Feb. 1822	Commission appointing Anthony Anderson to be a Captain of the Beauport Division of Militia	15-16
3 April 1832	Indenture made by Andrew Russell, Returning Officer, on behalf of the electors of Megantic County, authorizing Anthony Anderson to represent them in the Legislature	17-20
1842	Printed list of Justices of the Peace for the city and banlieu of Quebec, with their residences and times of their sitting on the bench	21-22
1844	ditto	23-24

File 2: business papers (estate of J. G. Hanna)

25 janvier 1805	Obligation par Mathieu McNider en faveur de James Hanna	25-28
15 juin 1812	Transport par James Fisher à James G. Hanna (succession de John Saul, boulanger de Québec), avec	29-31
11 juillet 1812	déclaration d'hypothèque par James G. Hanna à Mme veuve John Robinson	31-33
11 juillet 1812	et "Signification de Transport par James G. Hanna à William Allan et son Epouse" (Elizabeth Saul, auparavant veuve de James Hanna)	33-34
27 novembre 1813	Obligation (portant subrogation) par Dame Elizabeth Saul, veuve de feu James Hanna et épouse actuelle de William Allan (ou, Allen), en faveur de John Neilson, Tuteur des enfants mineurs de feus John Campbell et Marie Anne Lorriau	35-38

File 3: Dorchester Bridge

		pages	
n.d.	wrapper		39
6 mars 1761	Vente d'une maison et emplacement, par Michel Jourdain au sieur Jean Laurent dit Provençal .		40-48
27 octobre 1761	Quittance de droits successifs paternels par Etienne Berthelot et son épouse au sieur Jean Laurent et son épouse		49-51
4 décembre 1761	Quittance: paiement du prix du contrat du 6 mars 1761 devant Mr Panet par Michel Jourdain au sieur Jean Laurent dit Provençal		52-53
13 février 1790	Accords et conventions faites entre Messieurs les Co-propriétaires du Pont Dorchester (copie pour M. Duchesnay père) (copie pour Ralph Gray) (copie pour William Grant)		54-62 63-71 72-81
	William Grant	Antoine Juchereau Duchesnay	
	Thomas Dunn	Ignace Michel Louis Antoine de Salaberry	
	James Fisher	Jean Baptiste Normand	
	Jacob Danford	Nathaniel Taylor	
	Ralph Gray	Thomas Aston Coffin	
	John Hay	William Lindsay	
	Robert Lester	David Lynd	
	Mathew Lymburner	Peter Stuart	
	Michel Cornud	Charles Stewart	
	James Johnston	John Purss	
7 avril 1792	Vente et cession de droits et parts dans le Pont Dorchester patentes &c, par James Johnston James Fisher Michel Cornud à William Grant	John Purss Mathew Lymburner Jean Baptiste Normand	82-89
23 décembre 1793	Vente d'un quarante huitième dans le Pont Dorchester par Louis de Salaberry à William Grant		90-94
20 février 1794	Bail à ferme du Pont Dorchester sur la rivière St-Charles par messieurs les syndics, représentants des propriétaires du Pont Dorchester, à Jean Bergevin dit Langevin, pour trois années		95-100

20 October 1808	Deed of sale from the estate of William Grant to John Blackwood, for 17 shares in the Dorchester Bridge, made by order of James Shepherd, Sheriff of Quebec	101-104
25 April 1809	Deed of sale from the estate of Robert Lester to Pierre Amable deBonne, for one share in the Dorchester Bridge, made by order of James Shepherd, Sheriff of Quebec, by a suit against Robert Morrogh (who held the share)	105-108
1 mars 1817	Bail à ferme du pont sur la rivière St—Charles, par John Taylor et consorts (propriétaires du Pont Dorchester) à Anthony Anderson, pour trois années	109-116
22 October 1817	Letter of Kenelm Chandler to Anthony Anderson regarding his purchase of shares from John Blackwood	117-119
1 March 1818	Statement of account: the proprietors of the Dorchester Bridge with Anthony Anderson, receipted the same day with a list of sharholders and amounts due each	121-122, 123
1 March 1820	Statement of account: the proprietors of the Dorchester Bridge with Anthony Anderson, receipted 3 April 1820	120
1835	"Rates of Toll at Dorchester Bridge - Tau de peage du Pont Dorchester" (print/imprimé) (with some annotations in ink)	124-125
20 February 1845	Statement of Charles Smith, Anthony Anderson, John Goudie and other proprietors of the Dorchester Bridge regarding their proposal to replace it	126
1845	"Report of the Special Committee on Petition of J.G. Tourangeau and others, and on other Petitions relating to Dorchester Bridge at Quebec" (printed for the First Session of the Second Parliament, 8 Vic.)	127-131